





Important Notes

- 1) take(took) مصدر (or) spend (spent) فترة زمنية + v + ing:
 - He took three hours to study his lessons.
 - He spent three hours studying his lessons.
- 2) make مصدر + to + مفعول cause مصدر + مفعول
 - My teacher always makes me study hard.
 - My teacher always causes me to study hard.
- : كلما كلما صفة طويلة +The more صفة طويلة + The more صفة طويلة + The more صفة طويلة + علما كلما كلما كلما كلما كلما عنه قصيرة + علما عنه قصيرة + علما عنه عنه طويلة + علما
 - The more you study, the higher marks you get.

) استخدام الروابط الزمنية مع الستقبل

مستقبل بسيط 🗢 مضارع بسيط أو مضارع تام + after / before / when / as soon as

- I'll go to bed after I do (have done) my homework.
- As soon as she arrives (has arrived) in London, she will call me.

ماضى تام until مصدر + or) didn't) مضارع بسيط أو تام until مصدر + won't

- He won't come until I phone (have phoned) him.
- He didn't come until I had phoned him.
 - عدم مقداره فعل شيء في المستقبل نتيجة الترتيب لفعل حدث آخر نستخدم مضارع مستمر أو مستقبل مستمر
- I can't meet you tomorrow because I am doing the shopping.
- I can't visit you tomorrow because I will be studying for my exams.
- ماضى تام + سنة سابقة + by
- : مستقبل تام + سنة قادمة + by
- By 2010, I had finished my studies.
- By 2020, I will have finished my studies.

١) لاحظ الفرق بين

in - by - until - since

ماضي بسيط + سنة ماضية + in	In 2000, I studied English.
ماضي تام + سنة ماضية + by	By 2000, I had studied English.
ماضي تام + سنة ماضية + until	• Until 2000, I hadn't studied English.
مضارع تام + سنة ماضية + since	Since 2000, I have studied English.
مستقبل تام + سنة مستقبلية + by	• By 2020, I will have finished my studies.

/) في حالة عدم وجود فاعل بعد (after – before - while) ياتي بعدهم V+ ing و لكن لاحظ Ater – before - while) في حالة عدم وجود فاعل بعد

- I had done my homework before watching TV.
- After doing his homework, he watched TV.
- Having done his homework, he watched TV.

) يمكننا استخدم since كأداة ربط.

.ماضي بسيط + since + مدة + since مضارع تام

- I have played this game since I was five.
- It is a year since I met Seif.
 - ه as + P.P استخدام التصريف الثالث بعد as أحيانا وهو هنا اختصار لجملة كانت مبنية للمجهول معالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة
- The coronation takes place as planned. (as it has been planned.)



١١) لا يأتي فعل في المضارع او المستقبل بعد l wish / If only يأتي:

had + P.P - v + ed - could, would + inf

• I wish I lived in an developed country.

(امنية في المضارع)

I wish I had studied hard last year.

(امنية في الماضي/ ندم)

• I wish I could join an engineering faculty next year.

(امنية في المستقبل)

١٢) مجموعة الكلمات التالية دائماً ما نستخدمها مع [will] اما اذا وجد دليل مع تلك الكلمات نستخدم [be going to]:

think, believe, predict, expect, hope, promise, sure, certainly ,probably , perhaps

I think it will rain.

• It is cloudy. I think it is going to rain.

١٣) لاحظ الفرق بين

award (مقابل عمل a ward يمنح منحة جائزة (مقابل عمل a ward بناح عنبر في مستشفى reward (مقابل سلوك حسن reword تعيد صياغة reward rewarding يعيد صياغة

- He was awarded his degree in 2015.
- I gave him a reward as he saved my life.
- Take this patient to a ward No. two.
- Teaching is a rewarding job.

١٤) لاحظ يأتي بعد الرقم الصفة او in والاسم

- This tower is 90 metres in height (90 metres high).
- Our street in very narrow. It is 3 metres in width (3 metres wide)
 - ١٥) لاحظ عدم جمع الكلمات الآتية إذا جاء قبلها عدد وبعدها اسم:

second / minute / hour / day / week / month / year

- I usually have a ten-minute break for coffee at midday.
- Our company held a five-hour meeting.

في حالة وجود كلمة time بعد الكلمات السابقة نستخدم (s') في حالة المفرد و (s') في حالة الجمع:

in a week's time

• in two weeks' time

١٦) لاحظ الفرق سن:

الخبرة (ما يكتسبه الشخص من معرفة ومهارات من خلال عمل معين(لا تجمع) experiences (تجمع) مواقف أو تجارب أو خبرات في الحياة وxperiment وتجربة علمية لإثبات صحة شيء ما أو التوصل لنتائج

- They offered me the job because I had a lot of experience.
- She had some interesting experiences while she was travelling.
- Teachers usually do / carry out simple experiments in the laboratory.
- 17) It is time to + inf. لقد حان وقت
- It is time to have lunch.

لقد حان وقت ... It is time for + n.

- It is time for lunch.
- Past simple + فاعل + Past simple
- It is time Ali had lunch.
- للتفضيل(يأتي بعدها مصدر بدون d would rather + inf. (to للتفضيل يأتي بعدها
 - يفضل شئ على شئ.than + inf.than)('d Would rather + inf.
 -('d Would rather + فاعل. + Past simple
 - I'd rather go to the cinema.
 - I'd rather read novels than watch TV.
 - I'd rather Ali went to the cinema.



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يفضلprefer to + inf. (or) V + ing
      ..... ('d would prefer to + inf.
      ..... prefer + V + ing. + to + V + ing
                                                                            ىفضل شئ على شئ
   • He prefers to play tennis.
                                               = He prefers playing tennis.
   • He prefers playing tennis to playing volleyball.
                                                                          ٢٠) لاحظ الفرق بين:
           يفوزيكسب (كأس / مباراة /....) win
                                             يكسب ( قوت أو رزق ) مقابل عمل earn
           يكتسب يحصل على شيء معنوي مفيد (خبرة معرفة معلومات شهرة) وتشعر إلى زيادة gain
           في الوزن والسرعة والكمية.
• AL Ahly will win the cup.
                                         • The plane gained speed to take off.
You gained much information from the meeting.

 People work hard to earn money.

                    ٢١) لاحظ أن الضمائر التالية تأخذ دائما فعل مفرد وعند الإشارة إليها بضمير نستخدم ضمير مفرد أيضا
                   (something / nothing / anything / everything)
• Everything has been prepared as it should have been planned.
                                                    ٢٢) الضمائر الغبر محددة التالية تأخذ دائما فعل مفرد
                     ولكن عند الإشارة إليها بضمير نستخدم ضمير جمع (they - them - their)
         (someone /somebody / no one / nobody / anyone / everyone /
                        everybody /somebody) (each.....)
• Somebody has cleaned the house. They have watered the flowers.
• Each student in the group is doing their best.
                                                ٣٣) لكن لاحظ أن (none) تأخذ فعل جمع و ضمير جمع:
   None have cleaned my room recently. They have been very busy.
                                                                           ٢٤) لاحظ الفرق بين
                            اعتاد أن تعبر عن عادة كانت تحدث في الماضي ولم تعد تحدث الآن)
           used to + inf
           معتاد على (تعبر عن عادة تحدث في الحاضر) (am - is - are used to (v + ing
   I used to play football when I was young, but now he isn't.
   I'm used to playing football.
                   و لكن لاحظ أن am - is - are used to تأتى معنى (يستخدم لكى) ويليها .inf.
   Wind is used to sail ships.
                                               Oction is used to make clothes.
 25) .....let + مفعول + inf. = يسمح بـ allow + obj. + to + inf..
      یسمح بـ .inf. + مفعول + inf....
   • He let me use his phone.
                                        = He allowed me to use his phone.
   • My teacher made me do my homework again.

 ٢٦) مع هذه التعبيرات الفعل يتبع الفاعل الأول

                 (as well as / besides / in addition to / along with)
   • He as well as they likes reading books.
   They along with he like reading books.
                                                     (٢٧) لاحظ مع هذه التعبيرات الفعل يتبع الفاعل الثاني
            (Not only....but also.... / or / either.....or / neither.....nor)
   • Neither Ahmed nor I am happy.
   • Either I or Aya is out of the competition. Not only Jana but also they are late.
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rd Year



- 28)help + مفعول + inf. (or) to + inf. (or) with + n.
 - He helped me do my homework.
 - He helped me to do my homework.
 - He helped me with my homework.

٢٩) لاحظ الفرق بين

graduate from	يتخرج من (الجامعة او الكلية)
a graduate of	خريج (الجامعة او الكلية)
graduate with a degree in	يتخرج بشهادة في (التخصص)

- She graduated from the Faculty of Arts.
- She is a graduate of the Faculty of Arts.
- She graduated with a degree in English.
- ۳۰) لاحظ استخدام (ever)

- Has Jana ever travelled abroad?

💿 في الاستفهام

- Jana hasn't ever finished her homework.

- مع فعل مساعد منفي
- No student has ever answered this question.
- 💿 مع الجملة التي تبدأ ب
- The most exciting novel he has ever read was Oliver Twist.
 - have gone / have been الفرق بين (٣١
 - o I have been to Alex. = I visited Alex and came back. انفست وعدت
 - I have gone to Alex. = I visited Alex and stayed there. اذهبت و مازلت هناك لم ارجع
 - ٣٢) إذا ذكرنا مرات حدوث الفعل لا يستخدم المضارع التام المستمر بل نستخدم المضارع التام (و كذلك في الماضي التام):
 - Ahmed has finished typing three reports. tea.
- He had drunk five cups of
- while / on / during الفرق بين (٣٣

نستخدم بعد while ماضي مستمر و الجملة الثانية ماضي بسيط

- While I was watching TV, the light went out. حدث قطع الآخر
 - يمكن أن يكون الحدثين مع while في الماضي المستمر:
- While Jana was watching TV, Toka was studying English. حدثان مستمران while Jana was watching TV, Toka was studying English. اذا لم يأتى بعد while فاعل يأتى بعدها
- While playing, I fell down.
 - يمكن استخدام الماضي البسيط بعد while إذا كان الفعل الاساسي verb to be:
- While I was at street, I fell off my bike.
 - يمكن استخدام On بدلاً من when ويأتي يعدها V +ing
- On arriving, he found the light on.
 - يمكن استخدام during بدلاً من while ويأتي يعدها noun:
- During the game, he got hurt.

(No sooner – Scarcely - Hardly) لاحظ تلك الروابط في بداية الجملة

No sooner				than	
Scarcely	had	الفاعل	P.P	when	ماضي بسيط
Hardly				when	

- No sooner had Jana studied English, than she slept.
- Hardly had Toka cooked the food, when she went out.



(after that – before that) لاحظ تلك الروابط (٣٥

ماضي بسيط → ماضي تام → before = after that

- Before that he had done his homework, he watched TV.
- He had done his homework after that he watched TV.

٣٦) لاحظ في الحالة الصفرية (if) لابد أن تكون الحقيقة عامه وليست خاصة وإذا كانت الحقيقة خاصة تستخدم الحالة الأولي وتتحول الحقيقة العامة إلي خاصة باستخدام اسم إشارة (...this- these) أو باستخدام صفة ملكية (my –his- her) ارتباط حدوت الفعل بمكان محدد او بتوقيت محدد او ما يدل على ذلك:

- If those goats eat the bark on a tree, the tree will die.
- If the plants on our farm get very thirsty, we will irrigate them.
- Streets will become wet If it rains tonight.

وظيفة مهنه (اسم يعد) job عمل / مكان العمل (اسم لا يعد) career مهنه (تحتاج إلى مؤهلات) profession

- I have got a lot of work to do.
- He has got a job as a teacher.
- He started his career five years ago.
- Nurses belongs to medical profession.

٣٧) لاحظ الفرق بين

(one more) اسم مفرد یعد + another

- This tea is nice. I'd like another cup.
- I'd like to stay here for another two days.

(و أحياناً اسم لا يعد) السم جمع يعد + other

- I need to research this with other classmates.
- There was certainly other information.

يمكن أن تأتى في نهاية الجملة .v + others

- Some people are rich; others البعض الأخر are poor.
- Some writers are greater than others الآخرين.

- This is the city. I live in it. = This is the city where I live.
- = This is the city which I live in. = This is the city in which I live.



Test Yourself

Q

- 1) Can y tell me whenfor the party?
- a, is the time b, the time is
- c. the time was
- d. was the time

- 2) player in the team was given a medal.
 - a. All b. Every
- c. Half of
- d. Both
- 3) A new bridge here by the government by the end of this year.
- a. will build b. will be building c. will l
 - Du tha tima wa sama ta tha baalkahan all baalka

b. For when

- c. will have been built d. will have built
- 4) By the time we came to the bookshop, all books

 a. are sold

 b. were sold

 c. had been sold
- 5) have these students studied French?
 - c. Since when
- d. How long ago

d. are being sold

- 6) he was a student, he was writing short stories.
 - a. As soon as

a. How deep

- b. After
- c. While
- d. On



7) SheMe if I bought a new villa.			
a. wondered b. wandered		d. inq	uired
8) he was a student, he was writing sh		d 0=	
a. As soon as b. After		d. On	hom fointed
9) After the competitors part in the ra a. took b. taken	ce started running, o c. had taken		
10) think in the same way, so they are f		u. luk	ing .
a. Each of they b. They each		d Evo	ry of them
11) After he school, he will be spending		u. Lvc	ry or mem
a. leave b. has left		d. left	
12) A back injuryher to withdraw from t			
a. forced b. suggested		d. invi	ted
13)cars have wheels.			
a. All of b. All	c. Either of the	d. Eac	h of
14)of my parents are at home today. It'	s a holiday.		
a. All b. Half		d. Bot	h
15)students become worried before ex			
a. Each b. Every		d. Eith	er
16) Alibrought food. We already have a			
a. needn't have b. must not have			uld have
17) Did the company test the equipment yest			
a. has tested b. had been tested	c. naa testea	a. was	s tested
18) Ali is the boy by I was helped.	abama	مه حاله الم	
a. whose b. who		a. ma	r
19) By 2050 we hope that oilby clean en a. will have replaced b. will have been re		d has	s been replaced
20) Do you regret such an expensive me	•	u. Hus	s been replaced
a. buy b. buying		d. buy	/ C
21) Don't touch the door, itpainted.	c. 10 boy	u. Doy	
a. is just b. has just been	c. will just be	d. hav	e just been
22) Don't spend too much time compute			
, ,	c. played	d. to p	olay
23) Don't worry. I'm surethem again soo		•	•
a. you see b. you're seeing		d. you	'll see
24) Every six months, I have my eyesby		·	
a. test b. to test		d. test	red
25) Have you done your homework? - T	hat's too fast.		
a. since b. just	c. yet	d. alre	∍ady
26) He was that he hardly had any frien			
a. so shy b. such a shy		d. shy	SO
27) He came first,made his parents very			
a. which b. that	c. who	d. who	om .
28) He deniedat the scene of the crime.		ندها ام	
a. to beb. had been29) I as well as my friends English yest	C. Was	d. bei	ng
a. studied b. was studying		d has	d studied
30) He isman that you can trust.	c. were slowying	G. Hut	i siouicu
-	c. such the	d. so	
31) He is flying to London at the weekend. Hi			
a. leaving b. leaves	c. left	d. lea	ve
	· - · ·		



32) He is looking forwa	rd toas the best	plaver.	
		c. choosing	d. be chosen
33) Her grandfather	65 years is next ye	ar	
a. is	b. will be	c. is being	d. is going to be
34) Her wedding party	held next Sunda	V.	
a. is being	b. will be	c. is going to be	d. will have
35) Imy work wher			
		c. will be finishing	
36) Iprobably be a		•	
a. am going to	b. am	c. am going	d. will
37) I can't believe it! Ha	ive you eaten all the f	ood?	
a. already	b. just	c. ever	d. since
38) I can't meet you at 3	3.30 tomorrow. I	a football match on T	V then.
a. will watch	b. watch	c. will be watching	d. watched
39) More schoolsb			
		will have opened d. w	ill have been opened
40) I can't stand people	loudly on the b	us	
		c. chatted	d. to chat
41) I can't talk at the mo			
		c. am doing	d. have done
42) I can't walkto	keep up with you.		
		c. so fast	d. such fast
43) I didn't buy the mok			
		c. before	d. after
44) I didn't park in the N			
	b. must		d. might
45) I don't feel like			
		c. taking	d. takes
46) I don't get up on Fri	day,is not a sch	ool day.	
a. what	b. when	c. which	d. where
47) I expectmy driv	. —	_	4
•	b. to pass	c. to passing	d. pass
48) I had a mechanic			al nomeriule e
a. repair	b. to repair	•	d. repairing
49) I had waited at the g	garage my car v b. after		d. while
			a. while
50) I had written this bo			d taking
		c. idkeii	d. taking
51) I have had this car .		c. for	d. last
52) I read an article			
	b. which		
53) I remember my fath			d. III Willeli
a. has taken			d. will take
54) I tried to persuade t			
a. staying			d. to stay
55) I was madethe		G. 5.1475	u. 10 51u/
a. do		c. to be done	d. to be doing
56) I went to the bank th			
a. so	_	c. because	d. and
	-		



57) The teacher each	ch of her students wr	ite an essay describi	ng their future goals
	b. let		d. get
58) I'll finish all the repo	rts before Ihom	ie.	
	b. had gone		d. go
59) If the bark of a tree			3
a. was destroyed	b. destroyed	c. destroys	d. is destroyed
60) I'll go to bed as soor			
a do	b. will	c. did	d. had done
61) In football, each tea	m eleven nlaver	e.	d. Had dolle
a. are			d. has
			u. IIus
62) Itthree years s	h bas	AII.	d. was
G2) It is not reining. I	b. has	c. naa	a. was
63) It is not raining, I	.take my umbrella.	a mandalk	مرين والقامل المانية
G. MUSTNY	b. can't	c. neeant	d. shouldn't have
64) It's three days a. when	i last saw nim.		•
			d. ago
65) It's arranged. We			•
a. will go	b. go	c. are going	d. may go
66) It's to go to sch			
a. not necessary	b. necessary	c. necessary not	d. not allowed
67) Jana didn't sleep un	ıtil English.		
	b. had studied		d. was studying
68) Many peopleve	getables in their gard	dens.	
a. growing	b. are grown	c. grow	d. is grown
69) Mark is a really nice	person. You m	eet him.	
a. have to	b. mustn't	c. has to	d. must
70) Mr Al Daifi to de			
a. said	b. threatened	c. ordered	d. agreed
71) Our teacher was loc			
a. play	b. playing	c. be played	d. being played
72) Mona told me that sl			
a. plays	b. had played	c. has played	d. was played
73) Most plastic oi		a nac playea	a. was played
	b. is made from	c is made of	d. are made of
74) Mr Al Daifi asked jus		c. is made of	d. die made of
	b. the club was	c is the club	d the club is
75) My husband was ha			
	b. being paid		
76) My mother says that			
	b. should	c. nave to	d. must
77) My mother told me.			d
	b. that I can go		
78) My son was made			
	b. wash	c. to wash	d. washed
79) My teacherwhy			
a. tells		c. wants to know	d. asked
80) Neither of us spoke.			
•	b. either spoke	•	•
81) Onthat he had			
a, heard	b. he heard	c. to hear	d. hearing



82) Please go away. I want left alone.	
a. been b. be c. to be	d. being
83) Pricessharply over the past three years.	
a. rose b. have risen c. had risen	
84) She hadn't cooked forlong time that she'd almost forgo	
	d. such
85) She made a suggestion Her friends objected.	al am coloiale
a. at which b. to which c. in which 86) She promisedme as soon as the plane lands.	d. on which
	d nhanas
a. to phone b. would phone c. phoned	d. phones
87) She wanted to knowI did in my spare time. a. whether b. weather c. what	ما خام ما
88) She was to be blamed. She didn't trainto win that game	
a. too hard b. hard enough c. so hard	
89) The bridge is just wide enough two cars to pass each o	
a. with b. to cars to pass each o	d. for
90) The companyexports are good will receive a prize.	G. 101
a. what b. that c. which	d. whose
91) The companyto be planning a new advertisement comp	
a. thinks b. is thought c. have thought	
92) The employee promisedbetter next time.	
a. did b. doing c. to do	d. will do
93) The heavy rain forced meat home last weekend.	
a. staying b. stay c. to stay	d. stayed
94) The man inhouse we live is generous.	•
	d. whom
95) The man,the car, is called Seif.	
a. that is driving b. driven c. driving	d. who driving
96) The manthe newspaper is my brother.	
a. read b. reads c. to read	d. reading
97) The mountaineer climbedthat he couldn't breathe.	
a. such a high b. so high c. such highly	d. so highly
98) The phone, stay where you are. I'll answer it myself.	
a. rings b. is ringing c. rang	d. was ringing
99) The RomansPetra nearly two thousand years ago.	d bad santoned
a. have captured b. were captured c. captured	d. had captured
100) The schoolsstudents were from the country had few part of the country had	
	d. whose
101) The teacher promisedlearn three English songs. a. that we can b. if we c. we would	d. whether we would
102) The thievesby anyone.	a. whether we would
a. saw b. haven't seen c. weren't seen	d. didn't see
103) The tourist American as he has an English guidebook	d. didii i see
a. might not be b. must be c. might be	 d. can't be
104) These are my plans for the summer holidays. First of all, I	
a. will go b. am going to go c. are going	
105) They made him the house as a form of punishment.	3 30
a. to tidy b. tidy c. tidying	d. be tidied
106) They said that theyher play the piano the following day	
a. will see b. would see c. had seen	d. have seen



107)of my parents wanted me to play games.	. They encouraged m	e not to waste my time.
a. Both b. Neither c.		d. Half
108) This is a bookthe hero travels to space		
a. which b. where c.	. in which	d. at which
a. whichb. wherec.109) This is the citywitnessed the summit	, ••	
a. who b. which c.		d. in which
110) TokaJana wasn't at home.		
a. said b. told c.	. asked	d. said to
111) Tourism is expectedin the near future	e.	
a. to grow b. will grow c.	. is growing	d. does grow
112) Turn off the lights when youthe room		
a. leave b. were leaving c.	. leaves	d. had left
a. leave b. were leaving c. 113) Two men wanted to marry her, but she ac	ceptedof thei	r offers.
a. neither b. either c.	. twice	d. both
114) Using the computer for a long timem	ne feel a headache.	
a. forces b. causes c.	. gives	d. makes
115) We regretthe lecture has been canc		
a. announcing b. to announce c.	. to announcing	d. announced
116) We've got plenty of time. Wehurry.		
a. needn't b. have to c.		d. has to
117) What do you think caused the building		
a. to fall b. falling c.		d. has fallen
118) What's your opinion of the storyyou		
a. Where b. whose c.		d. whom
119) When youthe truth, you'll change you		
a. have known b. knew c.		d. had known
120) While we were walking in the street, we st		
a. to drinking b. for drink c.		d. to drink
121) Would snow in Cairoan unusual pher		
a. be considered b. is considered c.		d. considers
122) Yesterday, the robbers the staff lie o		4
_		d. allowed
123) Youbring a swim suit. I can lend you		4. 4
a. needn't b. didn't have to c.		d. don't need
124) You can borrow the caryou promise		d in area
a. as long b. provided that c.		d. in case
125) You can go to the park you're home		d. in case
a. provided thatb. as longc.126) You should have your visa before it expressions.		a. in case
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	d. to be extended
		d. 10 be extended
127) The police found the carowner teacles, whom b. where c.	_	d. whose
128) Alihe would visit us as soon as possi		u. wilose
		d. asked
129) I can't decide onhe is selfish or arro		u. uskeu
		d. weather
130) If it hadn't been cloudy yesterday, It		a. Woulder
a. will see b. would have seen c.		d. could see
131) You shouldn't go to the meetingyou		
		d. unless



132) Neither player in the teamdone w	ell.	
a. have b. haven't		d. hasn't
133) Ita long time since we last met.		
a. had b. has	c. is	d. been
134) Notwoman in our society has a jo	b.	
a. neither b. every	c. all	d. both
135) I really admire people who can work in	difficult conditi	ons.
a. such b. a such	c. such a	d. so a
136) of his parents come to my weeding	ng, they were ill in ho	spital.
a. Neither b. Both		d. Each
137) So fast that no one can catch up	with him.	
a. does he run b. he runs	c. he can run	d. runs he
138) I hateorders by anybody.		
a. to give b. given	c. being given	d. giving
139) This knife is usedbread		
a. cut b. to cutting		d. cutting
140) One of these waysgrowing plants		
a. are b. is		
141) My brother was interested in the		
	c. such an	d. too
142) He admitted that hea terrible mis		
a. had made b. was making		
143) She bought two dresses and paid 400		
	c. both	d. either
144) Mother asked meall the money.		4
a. Why had I spent b. that I had spent	•	a. wnen 1 spena
145) Mother had Janaher room before		م با ما ا
a. to tidy b. tiding 146) the people in my village are envis		d. tidied
146)the people in my village are envio		d. Both
147) My friend recommended that Iqui	c. Every	u. boili
a. revised b. revising	_	d. had revised
148) There are now parts of space that have		u. Huu Teviseu
a. named b. been named		d. be named
149) I usuallyonce a month.	C. Halling	d. be named
a. make my hair b. have cut my hair	c. get my hair	d. have my hair cut
150) The plane to Braziloff tomorrow a	•	a. nave my nam con
a. is taking b. takes		d. is going to take
151) This is the manflat we are all stay		
a. who b. whose		d. in which
152) The manthe car was stolen, called		
a. who b. whom	c. whose	d. from whom
153) Our team was believedmore effe	ctively in vesterday's	
	c. to have played	
154) I didn't watch the matchmy little s	• •	
a. as b. until		d. having
155) She admitted nothow to answer to	the test.	_
a. to be known b. known	c. to know	d. knowing



156) He asked, "When	hack to Luxor?	"	
	b. I would go		d vou would go
			a. you would go
157) Rememberf			
	b. revising		
158) He stopped			
	b. to buy		
159) We must be confi			
	b. are guarded		l d. was guarded
160) At one o'clock tor			
	b. will be having		d. have had
161) She is the best gi	rll have ever me	et.	
a. who 162) Your dadhis	b. whom	c. that	d. which
162) Your dadhis	car repaired. He car	1't drive you to school	
a. get	b. have	c. had	d. is having
163) This year I have v			•
	b. neither		d. every
164) My children are u			
	b. to be done		d. being done
165) Aftermy lund			
	b. I eat		d. I will eat
166) I don't think I can	get Alito this sug	ggestion.	
a. agrees 167) Eventually, she re	b. to agree	c. agreed	d. agree
167) Eventually, she re	eached a stages	she began to enjoy he	r life.
	b. where		d. whose
168) Some novels	by Yehia Haqqi were	e made into films.	
a. writing	b. written	c. no word	d. were written
169) It is said by our m			
	b. that		d. whether
170) I asked a shop as	sistant if Itry the	T-shirt on.	
a. can	b. could	c. will	d. shall
171) I predict that in fu	iture, mobile phones	willsmaller.	
a. be making	b. be made	c. make	d. made
172) I think my brother			
	b. will be	c. would be	d. is
173) In the summer, I a			
a. to go			d. to going
174) It's arranged. We			ar re gening
g gre going	b. go	c. will go	d. would go
175) Jana asked Sara	if she anything t	he next day	a. Woola go
	b. was doing	-	d. did
176) Toka asks her mo			u. diu
			d cynlaining
	b. to explain		d. explaining
177) Light from the sur		= -	4
a. which is captured	•	c. is captured	d. capture
178) My brother is lear			
a. playing	b. to playing	c. peing played	d. to play
179) My lessonat 1			
	b. will finish		
180) Al Jazeera is a ve			
a. will move	b. is going to move	c. is moving	d. move